MECHANICAL CLEANING

THE ROLLER BRUSH METHOD
• Start by vacuum cleaning.
• Use a scrubber-dryer with soft brush rollers, warm water and the minimal dose of an all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 7-8.5, so the floor will not need rinsing afterwards. Clean the floor along the longitudinal direction if possible.

TO ZERO
• Start by vacuum cleaning.
• Remove any difficult stains, see STAIN REMOVAL.
• Use a scrubber-dryer with soft brush rollers, warm water and a strong, alkaline all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 9-11. Start by wetting the floor by running the machine with the brushes and water/heavy-duty cleaner solution. Do not use the suction function. Clean the floor along the longitudinal direction if possible.
• Leave to work for 5-10 minutes, without allowing it to dry.
• Then, rinse twice with clean water using the scrubber-dryer – or until it stops forming a lather.

THE ORBOT METHOD
• Start by vacuum cleaning.
• Use an Orbot machine with soft “SuperZorb” pads and warm water. Use a minimal dose of an all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 7-8.5 on more heavily soiled areas.
• Before starting the machine, make sure that the “SuperZorb” pads are moist. Dry SuperZorb could potentially damage the flooring.
• For easier handling, remove the weights.
• Run the machine slowly backwards and forwards with uniform overlapping while “spray-damping” the floor. The dirt is absorbed in the pad. Replace the SuperZorb pad when it becomes too dirty or wet.
• Do not leave dirty SuperZorb to dry by itself before washing. The SuperZorb pads should preferably be tumble-dried.

TO ZERO
• Start by vacuum cleaning.
• Remove any difficult stains, see STAIN REMOVAL.
• Use an Orbot machine with soft, Latex impregnated pad and warm water. If necessary, a strong, alkaline, all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 9-11 can be used on more difficult areas. Start by running the machine slowly backwards and forwards while “spray-damping” the floor. Work with uniform overlaps and “massage” the dirt loose using the AgiClean pad. The more difficult the dirt, the more the processing.
Afterwards, suck up the dirt with the “SuperZorb” pads. To rinse afterwards, spray clean water and dry with dry terry cloth pads. For large areas, the after rinsing can be done using a scrubber-dryer.

- It is important that the floor be not allowed to dry, so the dirt dries on. For this reason, work on a smaller area, approx. 25m².

### MANUAL CLEANING
Manual cleaning may be performed on small areas and where you cannot reach with a machine.

### REGULAR CLEANING
- Start by vacuum cleaning.
- Use a scrubbing brush, warm water and all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 7-8.5.
- Suck up the water with a wet vacuum cleaner or dry with soft cloth/micro-fibre cloth.

### TO ZERO
- Start by vacuum cleaning.
- Remove any difficult stains, see STAIN REMOVAL.
- Use a scrubbing brush, warm water and an alkaline all-purpose cleaner with a pH of 9-11.
- Scrub the floor and leave to work for 5-10 minutes. Scrub it again and rinse with clean water. Dry up the water with a wet vacuum cleaner or a soft cloth/micro-fibre cloth.

### STAIN REMOVAL
- It is best if the stain is treated at once.
- Check that the stain remover can be used on vinyl floor coverings.
- Use a scrubbing brush and rinse with water.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STAIN</th>
<th>CLEAN WITH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chocolate, fat, juice, cream, coffee, beer, wine</td>
<td>Hot water + strong cleaner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt, oil, shoecream, chalk, ink</td>
<td>Chemically pure petrol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>Cold water – ammonia if needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rust</td>
<td>Light acidic (pH 3-4) cleaner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water-based glue</td>
<td>Hot water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent-based glue</td>
<td>Chemically pure petrol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marks from shoes</td>
<td>Rub dry with cloth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chewing gum</td>
<td>Hot steam or freeze spray</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GENERAL ADVICE

- Think prevention! With an efficient entry system, you save your floor from 85 percent of all the incoming dirt.
- Choose the colour with care. Start from the surroundings where the floor will be used.
- Make sure all table and chair legs have furniture pads, no sharp edges and that they are made from stainless steel, polythene of similar.
- Prevent unnecessary wear and tear as well as discolouration by having hard polyamide chair wheels.
- Some kinds of rubber similar to the type used for rubber cart wheels, welcome mats etc. may cause discolouration in the form of migration. These kinds of discolourations cannot be removed.
- Bolon's floor coverings are water resistant and are cleaned using wet methods.
- Do not use acetone or polish on Bolon's floor coverings.